

STATE OF TENNESSEE

Update – Supplemental Pools Payment Structure for SFY2019

Today's Webinar

How and why we got here

How it works going forward



Why We Got Here: Overview

- CMS targeted supplemental pool structure in TennCare waiver renewal
- Required Tennessee to look like other states
- CY2016 negotiations with CMS
- Agreement in December 2016
 - Delayed implementation of new requirements
 - Required new methodology submitted to CMS by March 2018



Why We Got Here: Overview

- TN filed Waiver Amendment 33 extended implementation timeline
- Submitted proposed supplemental payment methodology in March 2018
- CMS requested expedited implementation for SFY2019
 - Leveraged for concessions



How It Works Going Forward

Tennessee's Priorities:

- Limit disruption
- Maintain continuity of distribution
- Maintain continuity of data sources
- Restrict changes to making improvements



Changes in Supplemental Payments

- Critical Access Hospitals \$15 million, new methodology
- Children's Hospitals additional \$25 million
- Research and Rehab Facilities new Sub-Pool, \$3 million



Changes in Supplemental Payments

- New CMS-mandated structure:
 - "Virtual DSH" provides funding for Medicaid shortfall and charity care
 - Charity Care provides funding for charity care only
- OB requirement waived for participation in Virtual DSH, but other DSH criteria must be met
 - Statutory DSH must still meet OB requirement



Old Pool Structure

New Pool Structure

Unreimbursed Hospital Cost (UHC) Hospital Directed Payment Pool Virtual DSH Pool Critical Access Hospital (CAH) Pool Critical Access Hospital (CAH) Sub-Pool Disproportionate Share Hospital (DSH) Statutory DSH Method Sub-Pool Pool Children's Safety Net Sub-Pool Public Hospital Supplemental Payment Other Essential Acute Sub-Pool Pool Safety Net Sub-Pool Essential Access Hospital (EAH) Pool Psychiatric Facilities Sub-Pool **Essential Service Safety Net** Children's Safety Net **Charity Care Pool** Public Hospital Sub-Pool Free Standing Psychiatric Hospitals Other Essential Acute Care Other Safety Net Sub-Pool Research and Rehabilitation Facilities Sub-Pool

Limiting Disruption – Old to New

- New methodology preserves many of the features of the old methodology for EAH and DSH
- Safety net hospitals will continue to receive 50 percent of statutory DSH and \$53.5 million in other sub-pools
 - Virtual DSH safety net (\$30.5m); Safety net charity pool (\$23m)
- Children's hospitals- the same freestanding facilities that are currently in the children's pool will receive 5 percent of statutory DSH and the Virtual DSH children's pool (\$25 million)
- Psychiatric hospitals licensed by the mental health department will continue to receive 2 percent of statutory DSH and an additional \$1.5 million from virtual DSH



Limiting Disruption – Old to New

- All Other Hospitals Tiered Group- includes same acute care facilities but excludes rehabilitation hospitals and the research facility that are in the "all other" group under current methodology
 - This group will receive 43% of statutory DSH (\$34.6m) as they do under the current methodology
 - This group also receives the Virtual DSH all other tiered pool (\$43.5m)
 - The hospitals are grouped into 3 tiers based on expenses
- Research and rehabilitation hospitals
 - This is a new grouping and includes all of the freestanding rehab facilities that file a separate JAR and the research hospital that was not included in the new all other tiered group
 - This group receives \$3 million in the charity research and rehab pool



Qualifications for Sub-Pools

Some specific items by Sub-Pool, but standard set of qualifications includes:

- Licensed and located in State of Tennessee
- Contracts with a managed care organization participating in TennCare
- Contracts with TennCare Select
- Have unreimbursed Medicaid and/or Charity Care cost
- Provides timely and accurate admission, discharge and transfer data to TennCare
- Participates in the State's payment reform initiatives, including episodes of care, as appropriate



Virtual DSH: Critical Access Sub-Pool

- \$15 million
- Designated a Critical Access Hospital by TN Dept of Health
- Paid quarterly based on Inpatient and Outpatient activity
- Inpatient paid using interim per diem rates with year-end cost settlements
- Outpatient paid using interim percentage of charges with year-end cost settlements



Virtual DSH: Statutory DSH Sub-Pool

- \$53.1 million federal (approx. \$81 million, depending on FMAP)
- All Section 1923 DSH criteria must be met, including OB requirement
- Payments to be made based on points assigned for TennCare volume, charity care costs, and children's hospital status based on most recent reviewed JAR
- Payments established using Virtual DSH Payment Framework
 - Used in other Virtual DSH Sub-Pools



Virtual DSH Payment Framework

Allocation based on assignment of points for:

- TennCare adjusted days expressed as a % of total adjusted patient days
- Charity care costs expressed as a % of total expenses
- Children's hospital status

As done in the past, points will be used to adjust the General Hospital Rate (GHR)



Virtual DSH: Children's Safety Net Sub-Pool

- \$25 million
- Licensed by TN Dept of Health with a primary function to serve children under the age of 21 in Tennessee
- Have either of the following: (i) at least 13.5% or more of total adjusted days covered by TennCare; or (ii) 9.5% or more of the total adjusted days are covered by TennCare and the number of adjusted days for the hospital is higher than the average number of TennCare Adjusted Days
- Payments to be calculated using the Virtual DSH Payment Framework



Virtual DSH: Other Essential Acute Sub-Pool

- \$43.5 million
- Have at least one of the following: (i) at least 13.5% or more of total adjusted days covered by TennCare; or (ii) 9.5% or more of the total adjusted days are covered by TennCare and the number of adjusted days for the hospital is higher than the average number of TennCare Adjusted Days; or (iii) be a children's hospital defined as a free standing hospital that serves primarily children under 18 years of age and is identified to the public as a children's hospital with a separate emergency department staffed and equipped to provide emergency services to pediatric patients
- This Sub-Pool will be broken into Tiers, with payments within each tier calculated using the Virtual DSH Payment Framework



Virtual DSH: Other Essential Acute Sub-Pool

Tiers are based on operating expenses:

- Tier 1: Under \$30 million
- Tier 2: \$30 million to \$100 million
- Tier 3: At or above \$100 million

Maximum amounts of total Sub-Pool paid in each Tier will be:

- Tier 1: \$2.5 million
- Tier 2: \$10 million
- Tier 3: \$31 million



Virtual DSH: Safety Net Sub-Pool

- \$30.5 million
- Both a Level 1 Trauma Center and a Regional Perinatal Center, or any
 metropolitan public hospital that is contractually staffed and operated by a
 safety net hospital for the purpose of providing clinical education and
 access to care for the medically underserved
- Have either of the following: (i) at least 13.5% or more of total adjusted days covered by TennCare; or (ii) 9.5% or more of the total adjusted days are covered by TennCare and the number of adjusted days for the hospital is higher than the average number of TennCare Adjusted Days
- This Sub-Pool will be broken into Tiers, with payments within each tier calculated using the Virtual DSH Payment Framework



Virtual DSH: Safety Net Sub-Pool

Tiers are based on status, with maximum amounts to be paid out:

- Local government-owned safety net hospital tier \$24 million
- Other Safety Net Hospital Tier \$6.5 million



Virtual DSH: Psychiatric Facilities Sub-Pool

- \$1.5 million
- Licensed by the Tennessee Department of Mental Health for the provision of psychiatric hospital services in Tennessee, excluding the state mental health institutes
- Payments calculated using the Virtual DSH Payment Framework



Charity Care: Public Hospital Sub-Pool

- \$100 million
- Available to three hospitals:
 - Regional Medical Center at Memphis
 - Metro Nashville General Hospital
 - Erlanger Medical Center at Chattanooga
- Payment must equal JAR charity care
- If total charity care is greater than \$100 million, distributed proportionally



Charity Care: Other Safety Net Sub-Pool

- \$23 million
- Both a Level 1 Trauma Center and a Regional Perinatal Center, or any
 metropolitan public hospital that is contractually staffed and operated by a
 safety net hospital for the purpose of providing clinical education and
 access to care for the medically underserved
- Have either of the following: (i) at least 13.5% or more of total adjusted days covered by TennCare; or (ii) 9.5% or more of the total adjusted days are covered by TennCare and the number of adjusted days for the hospital is higher than the average number of TennCare Adjusted Days
- Payment framework replaces adjusted TennCare days with unreimbursed self-pay costs – dollars are allocated proportionally



Charity Care: Research and Rehabilitation Facilities Sub-Pool

- \$3 million
- A rehabilitation facility, long term acute care facility reimbursed by Medicare under the IRF or LTAC methodology, or a research hospital
- Payment must equal JAR charity care
- If total charity care is greater than \$3 million, distributed proportionally



Reconciliation

- New CMS requirement: all supplemental payments must be reconciled
- Developing proposal for CMS now
- Likely elements:
 - Reconciliation likely completed three years after payment year
 - All funds paid out through Virtual DSH will be audited subject to DSH audit rules (with the exception of the OB requirement for non-Statutory DSH funds)
 - Funds will be redistributed where possible
 - Funds returned to CMS if they cannot be redistributed



Questions?





THANK YOU